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General Certificate of Education June 2010

Mathematics

MM05

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Mechanics 5



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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

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	NMS	no method shown	с	
	PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)
	SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award full marks. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns full marks, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains no marks.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MM05 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Marks

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IM05				³ C/0.	
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	?
1(a)	$T_1 = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{0.4}{9.8}}$	M1			
	$T_1 = 1.27 \mathrm{sec}$	A1	2	(T = 1.26940)	
(b)	$T_2 = \frac{60}{50}$ $\frac{60}{50} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{9.8}}$				
	$\frac{60}{50} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{9.8}}$	M1A1			
	$\left(\frac{60}{50}\right)^2 \times \frac{1}{\left(2\pi\right)^2} \times 9.8 = l$	M1			
	<i>l</i> = 0.35746				
	Shortened by 0.0425 metres	A1	4		
	Total		6		
2(a)	$T = 7.5 \Longrightarrow 7.5 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$	M1			
	$\omega = \frac{4\pi}{15}$	A1	2	AG	
(b)(i)	$\dot{x}^{2} = \omega^{2} \left(a^{2} - x^{2} \right)$ $4 = \omega^{2} \left(a^{2} - 1 \right)$				
	$4 = \omega^2 \left(a^2 - 1 \right)$	M1			
	$a = 2.59 \mathrm{m}$	A1	2	AG; <i>a</i> = 2.5883	
(ii)	$x = a \sin \omega t$				
	$1 = 2.59 \sin \omega t$	M1			
	$\omega t = 0.3964 \ (0.3864), \ 2.7452 \ (2.755)$	A1,A1			
	time interval = $(2.7452 - 0.3964) \div \omega$	m1			
	time = 2.8 sec	A1F	5		
(iii)	Max speed = ωa				
	$= 0.8378 \times 2.5883$	M1			
	$= 2.17 \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$	A1F	2		_
	Total		11		

MM05 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Maths Clo

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MM05	(cont)
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MM05 (cont				5/0,
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments 49.
3(a)(i)	$\dot{r} = -3r$ $r\dot{\theta} = 5\theta$			Comments Con.
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\left(r\dot{\theta}\right): \dot{r}\dot{\theta} + r\ddot{\theta} = 5\dot{\theta}$	M1A1		
	$r\ddot{\theta} = \dot{\theta}(5 - \dot{r})$			
	$=\frac{5\theta}{r}\left(5+3r\right)$	ml		
	$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) (5+6) = \frac{55}{4}$	A1	4	AG; accept 13.75
(ii)	acceleration = $r\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\theta}$			
	$=27.5+2\times(-3\times2)\left(\frac{5\times1}{2}\right)$	M1		
	=-2.5	A1	2	
(b)(i)	$\frac{\mathrm{d}r}{\mathrm{d}\theta} = \frac{\mathrm{d}r}{\mathrm{d}t} \times \frac{\mathrm{d}t}{\mathrm{d}\theta} = \frac{\mathrm{d}r}{\mathrm{d}t} \div \frac{\mathrm{d}\theta}{\mathrm{d}t}$			
	$=-3r \div \frac{5\theta}{r}$	M1		
	$= -3r \div \frac{5\theta}{r}$ $= \frac{-3r^2}{5\theta}$	A1	2	AG
(ii)	$\int \frac{\mathrm{d}r}{-3r^2} = \int \frac{\mathrm{d}\theta}{5\theta}$	M1		
	$\left[\frac{1}{3r}\right]_{2}^{r} = \left[\frac{1}{5}\ln\theta\right]_{1}^{\theta}$	A1		integration
	$\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{5} \left(\ln \theta - \ln 1 \right)$	ml		substitution of limits or use of constant
	$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{3}{5}\ln\theta + \frac{1}{2}$	A1	4	AG
	Total		12	

MM05 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Mathscic

<u>05 (cont</u> Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	
4(a)	a x y $y = a \sec \theta$	M1			
	C distance of A and B below zero level = $6a - a \sec \theta$				
	$= a(6 - \sec\theta)$	A1	2	AG	
(b)	$V = -2mg(6a - a\sec\theta) - mga\tan\theta$	B1 M1A1		$x = a \tan \theta$	
	$V = -mga(12 - 2\sec\theta + \tan\theta)$	A1	4	AG	
(c)	$\frac{\mathrm{d}V}{\mathrm{d}\theta} = -mga\left(-2\sec\theta\tan\theta + \sec^2\theta\right)$	M1A1			
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}V}{\mathrm{d}\theta} = 0$ when $-2\sec\theta\tan\theta + \sec^2\theta = 0$				
	$\sec\theta(2\sec\theta-\tan\theta)=0$	m1			
	$\sec \theta \neq 0$ so $2 \sec \theta = \tan \theta$ $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{2}, \theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$	A1			
	sin $0 - \frac{1}{2}$, $0 - \frac{1}{6}$ clarification of only one solution	A1	5		
		711	5		
(d)	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 V}{\mathrm{d}\theta^2} = -mga(-2\sec\theta\sec^2\theta)$				
	$-2\sec\theta\tan\theta\tan\theta+2\sec\theta\sec\theta\tan\theta)$	M1A1			
	$=-mga(-2\sec^3\theta-2\sec\theta\tan^2\theta+2\sec^2\theta\tan\theta)$				
	$= -mga\left(-2\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 - 2\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)$				
	$=+mga\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$ or 2.31mga				
	ie > 0 min \Rightarrow stable	A1	3		
	Total		14		

MM05 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2

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MM05 (cont)

<u>MM05 (cont</u> Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments	
<u>Q</u> 5(a)	$P \stackrel{A}{\bullet} a B$		IUIAI		COHICON
	$\begin{array}{c} p \bullet \qquad \qquad$				
	$s = \frac{1}{2} ft^2$	B1			
	$s = x + y \therefore y = \frac{1}{2} ft^2 - x$	M1A1	3	AG	
(b)	$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t} = ft - \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t}$	B1	1	AG	
(c)	$R \longleftarrow P \qquad T \qquad \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}t^2} = f - \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 x}{\mathrm{d}t^2}$	B1F			
	$F = ma: \frac{md^2y}{dt^2} = \frac{2mn^2ax}{a} - 3mn\left(ft - \frac{dx}{dt}\right)$	M1M1 A1			
	$f - \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 2mn^2x - 3nft + 3n\frac{dx}{dt}$				
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 x}{\mathrm{d}t^2} + 3n\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} + 2n^2x = f + 3nft$	A1	5	AG	
(d)	A.E. $p^2 + 3p + 2 = 0$				
	(p+2)(p+1)=0	M1			
	p = -1 or $p = -2$	A1			
	$x = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-t} + \frac{f}{4}(6t - 7)$	M1A1			
	$t = 0, x = 0 \Longrightarrow 0 = A + B - \frac{7f}{4}$				
	$t = 0, \dot{x} = 0 \Longrightarrow \dot{x} = -2Ae^{-2t} - Be^{-t} + \frac{6f}{4}$	M1			
	$0 = -2A - B + \frac{6f}{4}$				
	$B = 2f , A = \frac{-f}{4}$	A1,A1			
	$x = 2fe^{-t} - \frac{f}{4}e^{-2t} + \frac{f}{4}(6t - 7)$		7	OE	
	Total		16		

MM05 - AQA GCE Mark Scheme 2L Maths Clo

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MM05 (cont)

QSolutionMarksTotalComments6(a) $m = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rho$ B1B1	s cloud.com
$6(a) \qquad m = \frac{4}{2}\pi r^3 \rho \qquad B1$	-O+
	Th
$\frac{\mathrm{d}m}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{\mathrm{d}m}{\mathrm{d}r} \times \frac{\mathrm{d}r}{\mathrm{d}t} = 4\pi r^2 \rho \times \lambda r \qquad \mathrm{M1}$	
$=4\pi\lambda\rho r^{3}$ A1 3 AG	
(b) $\begin{pmatrix} (m+\delta m)(v+\delta v) - mv = mg\delta t \\ m\delta v + v\delta m = mg\delta t \end{pmatrix}$ M1A1	
$\frac{mg}{dt} = \frac{mdv}{dt} + \frac{vdm}{dt} = mg \qquad A1 \qquad 3$	
(c)(i) $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rho \frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} + v 4\pi \lambda \rho r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \rho g \qquad \text{M1A1}$	
$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \frac{dv}{dt} + \lambda v = \frac{1}{3}g\\ \frac{dv}{dt} = g - 3\lambda v \end{aligned} $ A1	
$dt = \int_{0}^{v} \frac{dv}{g - 3\lambda v} = \int_{0}^{t} dt $ M1	
$\begin{bmatrix} J_{u} g - 3\lambda v & J_{0} \\ \left[\frac{-1}{3\lambda} \ln(g - 3\lambda v) \right]_{u}^{v} = [t]_{0}^{t} $ A1	
$\ln\left(\frac{g-3\lambda v}{g-3\lambda u}\right) = -3\lambda t \qquad m1$	
$g - 3\lambda v = (g - 3\lambda u)e^{-3\lambda t} $ m1	
$v = \frac{1}{3\lambda} \left\{ g - (g - 3\lambda u) e^{-3\lambda u} \right\}$	
$= \frac{g}{3\lambda} + \left(u - \frac{g}{3\lambda}\right) e^{-3\lambda t} \qquad A1 \qquad 8 \qquad AG$	
(ii) as $t \to \infty$, $e^{-3\lambda t} \to 0$ $v \to \frac{g}{3\lambda}$ A1 2	
$v \rightarrow \frac{g}{3\lambda}$ A1 2	
Total 16	
TOTAL 75	